# AeroShell Turbine Oil 560

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1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDE	EN	<b>FIFICATION</b>	
Product name	:	AeroShell Turbine Oil 560	
Product code	:	001A0085	
Manufacturer or supplier's d	leta	ails	
Supplier	:	Shell Eastern Petroleum (Pte) Ltd (196000089G) The Metropolis Tower 1, 9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01 Singapore 138588 Singapore	
Telephone	:	(+65) 62632975	
Telefax	:	(+65) 62632049	
Emergency telephone number	:	+65 6263 2975 +65 6263 2975	
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	:	If you have any enquiries about the please email lubricantSDS@shell.	
Recommended use of the ch	nen	nical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	:	Synthetic lubricating oil for aircraft to details consult the AeroShell Book of	
Restrictions on use	:	This product must be used, handled accordance with the requirements o manufacturer's manuals, bulletins an	f the equipment

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification	
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	: Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	: <b>Prevention:</b> P273 Avoid release to the environment.

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	Response:	
	No precautionary phrases.	
	Storage:	
	No precautionary phrases.	
	Disposal:	
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container disposal plant.	to an approved waste

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Chemical nature : Blend of synthetic esters and additives.

#### Hazardous components

		- · · · · · ·	
Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (%
			w/w)
Aryl amine	51772-35-1	Aquatic Chronic4;	1 - 3
		H413	
Triaryl phosphate	1330-78-5	Repr.2; H361f	1 - 2.49
		Aquatic Acute1;	
		H400	
		Aquatic Chronic1;	
		H410	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.	
Protection of first-aiders	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.	
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.	
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	<ul> <li>Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke).</li> <li>Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.</li> <li>Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.</li> </ul>	
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Environmental precautions	<ul> <li>Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.</li> </ul>
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	<ul> <li>Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.</li> </ul>

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Additional advice	<ul> <li>For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> <li>For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> </ul>	
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
General Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if the vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sh assessment of local circumstance appropriate controls for safe hand this material.	neet as input to a risk is to help determine
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated conta Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists When handling product in drums, worn and proper handling equipm Properly dispose of any contamina materials in order to prevent fires.	s. safety footwear should be ent should be used. ated rags or cleaning
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	: Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.	
Storage		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and place. Use properly labeled and closable	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers of steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	<b>U</b>
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should no temperatures because of possible	

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general

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workplace may be required to	confirm compliance with an OEL and	adequacy of exposure
	s biological monitoring may also be ap	
	nent methods should be applied by a d	competent person and
samples analysed by an accre	nmended exposure measurement met	hads are given below or
	ational methods may be available.	nous are given below of
	onal Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA:	Manual of Analytical Meth
http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/		-
	th Administration (OSHA), USA: Sam	oling and Analytical Metho
http://www.osha.gov/		
	HSE), UK: Methods for the Determina	tion of Hazardous Substar
http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deute	schen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherun	a (IFA) Germany
http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/inde		g (ii A), Ocimany
	he et de Securité, (INRS), France http	://www.inrs.fr/accueil
Engineering measures	: The level of protection and types	of controls necessary will
	vary depending upon potential ex	
	controls based on a risk assessm	ent of local circumstances
	Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control ai	rharna agnagatrationa
	Adequate ventilation to control al	
	Where material is heated, spraye	d or mist formed, there is
	greater potential for airborne con	centrations to be generate
	General Information:	
	Define procedures for safe hand	ing and maintenance of
	controls. Educate and train workers in the	hazarda and control
	measures relevant to normal acti	
	product.	
	Ensure appropriate selection, tes	ting and maintenance of
	equipment used to control exposi-	
	equipment, local exhaust ventilat	
	Drain down system prior to equip	ment break-in or
	maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed stor	rade pending disposal or
	subsequent recycle.	age perioring disposal of
	Always observe good personal h	vgiene measures, such as
	washing hands after handling the	
	drinking, and/or smoking. Routin	
	protective equipment to remove of	
	contaminated clothing and footwe	ear that cannot be cleaned
	Practice good housekeeping.	
Personal protective equipme	ent	
Protective measures		
	t (PPE) should meet recommended n	

Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.
	In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices,

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	precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worke health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >650 (149°F)].
Hand protection	
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubbe gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective har care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. F short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is n a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eye protective eyewear is recommended.
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.</li> </ul>
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable
Environmental exposure c	ontrols
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from

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	being discharged to waste water. V treated in a municipal or industrial before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour.	waste water treatment plant for volatile substances

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: Various colours
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -60 °C / -76 °FMethod: Unspecified
	-60 °C / -76 °FMethod: ASTM D97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	: 262 °C / 504 °F Method: Unspecified
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	: 0.993 (15.6 °C / 60.1 °F)
Density	: 993 kg/m3 (15.6 °C / 60.1 °F) Method: Unspecified
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: negligible
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)

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Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 5.21 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
	26.7 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
	10229 mm2/s (-40 °C / -40 °F) Method: Unspecified	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	
Chemical stability	: Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.	

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

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Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the class	ification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data are not met.	ι, the classification criteria
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the class	ification criteria are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Aryl amine	No carcinogenicity classification.
Triaryl phosphate	No carcinogenicity classification.

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#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Product:** 

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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#### **STOT - repeated exposure**

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
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### Ecotoxicity

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Product:         Toxicity to fish (Acute :         toxicity)         Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l         Harmful	
toxicity) Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful Toxicity to crustacean (Acute :	
toxicity) Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants (Acute toxicity) Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/I Harmful	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic : Remarks: Data not available toxicity)	
Toxicity to crustacean : Remarks: Data not available (Chronic toxicity)	
Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: Data not available (Acute toxicity)	
<u>Components:</u> Triaryl phosphate :	
M-Factor (Short-term (acute) : 1 aquatic hazard) M-Factor (Long-term : 1 (chronic) aquatic hazard)	
Persistence and degradability	
Product:	
Biodegradability : Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituer inherently biodegradable, but contains components the persist in the environment.	
Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water : log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on simila products)	ır
Mobility in soil	
Product:	
Mobility : Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects	
no data available <u>Product:</u>	
Additional ecological : Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemic	al

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information	ozone creation potential or global warming potential., Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not be released to air in any significant quantities under normal conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms.
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION	S
Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	<ul> <li>Recover or recycle if possible.</li> <li>It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.</li> <li>Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses</li> </ul>
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.
	MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **International Regulations**

ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good

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IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Local Regulations

Workplace Safety and Health Act & Workplace	This product is subject to the SDS, Labelling,
Safety and Health (General Provision)	PEL and other requirements in the Act/
Regulations	Regulations.
Fire Safety Act and Fire Safety (Petroleum & Flammable Materials) Regulations	This product is not subject to the requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore	This product is not subject to the requirements
(Dangerous Goods, Petroleum and Explosives)	in the Act/Regulations.
Regulations	

Environmental Protection and Management Ac and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations	This product is not subject to control under this Act/ Regulation.
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The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

#### Other international regulations

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

REACH	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	

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H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects				
H413	3 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.				
Full text of other abbreviations					
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard				
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard				

#### Aquatic Chronic Long-term (chronic) a Repr. Reproductive toxicity

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response: ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response: EmS - Emergency Schedule: ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN -United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

#### Further information

Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	:	A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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The information provided in	this Safety Data Sheet is correct to	the best of our knowledge,
guidance for safe handling, u not to be considered a wa specific material designated	date of its publication. The information use, processing, storage, transportation rranty or quality specification. The info and may not be valid for such material cess, unless specified in the text.	, disposal and release and is ormation relates only to the

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